## Dialogue

Dialogue is a useful tool to incorporate into your narrative writing. Not only does it help make your narrative more interesting, but it can also <u>show a speaker's personality</u>, <u>keep the action moving</u>, and <u>add information</u> to your story. While a narrative isn't composed entirely of dialogue, incorporating some dialogue into your writing will help improve your narrative overall.

- ✓ Use dialogue to SHOW instead of TELL
- ✓ Use slang, dialects, and other formal / informal language to improve characterization
- ✓ Make sure your dialogue sounds natural for that character, advances the plot, and advances the growth of your character
- ✓ Find other ways to say "said" (refer to 300+ Ways to Say 'Said' handout)

## **Punctuating Dialogue**

When in doubt about punctuating dialogue, reference any novel to see how it's done!

1. Use a comma to set off a speaker's exact words from the rest of the sentence.

"Justin, I'm so happy to meet you," said Melissa.

2. Place periods and commas inside quotation marks.

"Hi," Heather said. "Welcome to my new home."

3. Place an exclamation point or a question mark outside quotation marks when it punctuates the main sentence, and inside when it punctuates the quotation.

What if someone said to you, "You've won a million dollars!"? I would say, "Are you kidding me?"

4. If a new person begins to speak, start a new paragraph and remember to indent five spaces.

"Welcome to my home," General Zaroff remarked. "Would you like to see my collection of heads?"

"I think I'd rather not," responded Rainsford. "I'm actually feeling quite tired."

## **Practice**

Practice incorporating dialogue into your narrative. Write some dialogue that would fit well in the beginning of your narrative.